

Schweizerische Eidgenossenschaft Confédération suisse Confederazione Svizzera Confederaziun svizra

Federal Department of Foreign Affairs FDFA

413-04-02-01/2019/8409 - GEN 1/20

# Notification to the Governments of the States parties to the Geneva Conventions of 12 August 1949 for the Protection of War Victims

# CONVENTIONS AND ADDITIONAL PROTOCOLS

### I. Translations by the Republic of Slovenia

On 13 December 2019, the Republic of Slovenia deposited with the Swiss Federal Council official translations in the Slovenian language of the four Geneva Conventions of 12 August 1949 for the Protection of war victims and of their three Additional Protocols of 1977 and of 2005. An electronic copy of these translations is available to the States parties at the depositary.

#### ADDITIONAL PROTOCOLS

## *II.* Communication by the Republic of Mauritius

With note dated 10 January 2020 and received on 13 January 2020, the Republic of Mauritius requested the Swiss depositary of the Geneva Conventions to bring to the attention of the States parties the enclosed document affirming its objection against the application of the three Additional Protocols to the «British Indian Ocean Territory» by the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland (declarations of 2 July 2002 for the Protocols I and II, respectively 15 June 2011 for the Protocol III).

#### ADDITIONAL PROTOCOL III

#### III. Accession by the Kingdom of Lesotho

On 6 January 2020, the Kingdom of Lesotho deposited with the Swiss Federal Council its instrument of accession to the Protocol additional to the Geneva Conventions of 12 August 1949, and relating to the Adoption of an Additional Distinctive Emblem, done at Geneva on 8 December 2005 (Protocol III).

Pursuant to its Article 11, paragraph 2, the Protocol III will enter into force for the Kingdom of Lesotho six months after the deposit of the instrument, i.e. on 6 July 2020.

The Swiss Federal Council makes the present notification in its capacity as depositary (<u>www.fdfa.admin.ch/depositary</u>) of the Geneva Conventions and Additional Protocols.

Enclosure

Berne, 31 January 2020





# **REPUBLIC OF MAURITIUS**

# MINISTRY OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS, REGIONAL INTEGRATION AND INTERNATIONAL TRADE

No. 1197/28

The Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Regional Integration and International Trade of the Republic of Mauritius presents its compliments to the Federal Department of Foreign Affairs of Switzerland and has the honour to register its strong objection against the extension by the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland to the so-called "British Indian Ocean Territory", of the Agreements listed at Annex and in respect of which the Government of Switzerland is the depositary.

The Government of the Republic of Mauritius considers that by extending these Agreements to the so-called "British Indian Ocean Territory", the United Kingdom purported to exercise sovereignty over the Chagos Archipelago – a claim which is untenable under international law.

The Government of the Republic of Mauritius wishes to reiterate in emphatic terms that it does not recognize the so-called "British Indian Ocean Territory". The fact that the Chagos Archipelago is, and has always been, part of the territory of the Republic of Mauritius, and that the United Kingdom has never had sovereignty over the Chagos Archipelago, has been authoritatively established by the International Court of Justice in its Advisory Opinion of 25 February 2019, on the Legal Consequences of the Separation of the Chagos Archipelago from Mauritius in 1965.

In this authoritative legal determination, the Court declared that the decolonization of the Republic of Mauritius had not been lawfully completed in 1968, since the Chagos Archipelago had been unlawfully detached in 1965, in violation of the right of self-determination of peoples and the Charter of the United Nations, as applied and interpreted in accordance with UN General Assembly resolution 1514 (XV) of 14 December 1960, resolution 2066 (XX) of 16 December 1965, resolution 2232 (XXI) of 20 December 1966 and resolution 2357 (XXII) of 19 December 1967. Accordingly, it went on to hold that the United Kingdom's ongoing administration of the Chagos Archipelago, as the so-called "British Indian Ocean Territory", was an internationally wrongful act, of a continuing nature, that engaged the State responsibility of the United Kingdom. It determined that the United Kingdom is under a legal obligation to terminate its unlawful colonial administration "as rapidly as possible".

The Court further determined that all UN Member States have an obligation to cooperate with the United Nations in facilitating the completion of the decolonization of the Republic of Mauritius as rapidly as possible, including an obligation not to support the continuing wrongful conduct of the United Kingdom in maintaining its colonial administration in the Chagos Archipelago.

2/Contd.....

On 22 May 2019, the General Assembly, by an overwhelming majority of 116 votes to 6, adopted resolution 73/295. By this resolution, it endorsed the Court's Advisory Opinion, affirmed that the Chagos Archipelago forms an integral part of the territory of the Republic of Mauritius, and demanded that the United Kingdom terminate its unlawful colonial administration within a maximum of six months, that is, by no later than 22 November 2019. That deadline has now expired.

Moreover, the General Assembly in its resolution called upon Member States to "cooperate with the United Nations to ensure the completion of the decolonization of Mauritius as rapidly as possible" and to refrain from conduct that might impede or delay the completion of decolonization. It further called upon the United Nations and all its specialized agencies to recognize that the Chagos Archipelago forms an integral part of the territory of the Republic of Mauritius, to support the decolonization of the Republic of Mauritius as rapidly as possible, and to refrain from impeding that process by recognizing the so-called "British Indian Ocean Territory". Lastly, the resolution also called upon "all other international, regional and intergovernmental organizations, *including those established by treaty*," to recognize that the Chagos Archipelago forms an integral part of the territory of the Republic of Mauritius, to support its speedy decolonization, and to "refrain from impeding that process" by recognizing the so-called "British Indian Ocean Territory".

The Republic of Mauritius has, over the years, consistently asserted, and hereby reasserts, its full sovereignty over the Chagos Archipelago. The Government of the Republic of Mauritius therefore unequivocally protests against the extension by the United Kingdom of the Agreements listed at Annex to the so-called "British Indian Ocean Territory" and against the purported exercise by the United Kingdom of any sovereignty, rights or jurisdiction within the territory of the Republic of Mauritius.

For the above stated reasons, which arise from established principles of international law as authoritatively interpreted and applied by the International Court of Justice and endorsed by the UN General Assembly, the Government of the Republic of Mauritius does not recognize the extension by the United Kingdom of the Agreements listed at Annex to the so-called "British Indian Ocean Territory", reserves all its rights in this regard, and calls upon all States Parties to the Agreements listed at Annex to reject the United Kingdom's extension of these Agreements to the so-called "British Indian Ocean Territory".

The Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Regional Integration and International Trade of the Republic of Mauritius kindly requests that the present objection be duly recorded, circulated and registered with the Secretariat of the United Nations pursuant to Article 102 of the Charter of the United Nations.

The Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Regional Integration and International Trade of the Republic of Mauritius avails itself of this opportunity to renew to the Federal Department of Foreign Affairs of Switzerland the assurances of its highest consideration.

Federal Department of Foreign Affairs of Switzerland Berne Port-Louis, 10 January 2020

10<sup>th</sup> Floor, Newton Tower, Sir William Newton Street, Port Louis Tel : (230) 405 2500 Fax : (230) 208 8087, (230) 212 6764 Email: mfa@govmu.org