

# PROGRAMME BOOKLET



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Schweizerische Eidgenossenschaft  
Confédération suisse  
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Confederaziun svizra

Swiss Confederation

# REPRESENTED MULTILATERAL ORGANISATIONS

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Schweizerische Eidgenossenschaft  
Confédération suisse  
Confederazione Svizzera  
Confederaziun svizra

**Federal Department of  
Foreign Affairs FDFA**

The **Federal Department of Foreign Affairs (FDFA)** safeguards Switzerland's foreign policy interests. It maintains relations with other states and international organizations such as the EU and the UN. It offers consular services to Swiss citizens abroad and its activities also include development cooperation as well as humanitarian aid. Switzerland's presence in the world is ensured by around 170 representations. Every year, the FDFA looks for a wide variety of profiles for its academic internships and so-called transferable careers.

2



Schweizerische Eidgenossenschaft  
Confédération suisse  
Confederazione Svizzera  
Confederaziun svizra

**State Secretariat for Economic Affairs SECO**

The **State Secretariat for Economic Affairs (SECO)** implements Switzerland's economic and trade policy measures. It also works in developing countries, where it promotes socially, environmentally and climate-friendly economic growth with more and better jobs across all sectors of the population. Together with SDC, SECO is responsible for Switzerland's participation in Multilateral Development Banks (MDBs) and their development funds.

3



Peace support in the international context is one of the three mandates of the **Swiss Armed Forces International Command (SWISSINT)**. Currently approximately 300 men and women are serving voluntary in peacekeeping missions abroad and contribute to the continued stability in regions which have been affected by conflict and war. SWISSINT, located in Stans-Oberdorf, is responsible for the implementation of the Swiss Armed Forces peacekeeping mandate.

4



**cinfo** – The **Swiss Centre of Competence for International Cooperation** coordinates and connects professionals with international cooperation organisations on behalf of the Swiss Confederation to ensure that the right people in the right places contribute to the SDGs.



The **International Association for the Exchange of Students for Technical Experience (IAESTE Switzerland)** offers Swiss students the opportunity to gain valuable international work experience through internships in over 80 countries. As part of a global network, IAESTE connects students with companies in STEM fields, architecture and business allowing them to apply academic knowledge in real-world settings. These internships not only enhance professional skills but also promote cultural exchange and provide a global network for future career opportunities.

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**CGIAR System Organization (CGIAR)** is a global research partnership dedicated to transforming food, land, and water systems in the face of the climate crisis. Our mission is to deliver science and innovation that advance the transformation of these systems, aiming to reduce poverty, enhance food and nutrition security, and improve natural resources and ecosystem services. We collaborate with partners worldwide to provide evidence to policymakers, innovations to stakeholders, and tools to harness agriculture's economic, environmental, and nutritional power.

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Food and Agriculture Organization  
of the United Nations

The **Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO)** is a specialized agency of the United Nations that leads international efforts to defeat hunger. Our goal is to achieve food security for all and make sure that people have regular access to enough high-quality food to lead active, healthy lives. The FAO supports the 2030 Agenda through the transformation to MORE efficient, inclusive, resilient and sustainable agri-food systems for better production, better nutrition, a better environment, and a better life.

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The **Intergovernmental Organisation for International Carriage by Rail (OTIF)** is an intergovernmental organisation dedicated to international rail transport, based in Bern, Switzerland. It has been active since 1893 and is the oldest international organisation in the sector. OTIF currently has fifty-one Member States, one Regional Economic Integration Organisation and one Associate Member.

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The aim of the Organisation is to promote, improve and facilitate, in all respects, international traffic by rail.



L'**Organisation internationale de la Francophonie (OIF)** a pour mission de promouvoir le français et de mettre en œuvre une coopération politique, éducative et économique au sein de ses 93 Etats et gouvernements membres. L'OIF est opérationnelle dans plusieurs domaines : Promotion de la diversité culturelle et linguistique, de la paix, de la démocratie, des droits de l'Homme, de l'éducation.

L'OIF, dont le siège est à Paris, dispose d'un réseau de Missions diplomatiques dont relève la Représentation auprès des Nations Unies à Genève et à Vienne.



With its 192 member countries, the **Universal Postal Union (UPU)**, a specialized of the United Nations, is the primary forum for cooperation between postal sector players. It helps to ensure a truly universal network of up-to-date products and services.



**World Tourism Organization (UN Tourism)** is the United Nations agency responsible for the promotion of responsible, sustainable, and universally accessible tourism. As the leading international organization in the field of tourism, UN Tourism promotes tourism as a driver of economic growth, inclusive development and environmental sustainability and offers leadership and support to the sector in advancing knowledge and tourism policies worldwide.



At **CERN**, the **European Organization for Nuclear Research**, physicists and engineers are probing the fundamental structure of the universe. Using the world's largest and most complex scientific instruments, they study the basic constituents of matter - fundamental particles that are made to collide together at close to the speed of light. The process gives physicists clues about how particles interact, and provides insights into the fundamental laws of nature.

Find out more on [www.home.cern](http://www.home.cern)



The **European Organisation for the Exploitation of Meteorological Satellites (EUMETSAT)** is the European operational satellite agency for monitoring weather, climate and the environment from space. The data and products from EUMETSAT's satellites are vital to weather forecasting and make a significant contribution to the monitoring of the environment and climate change. EUMETSAT has established cooperation with Earth observation satellite operators in Europe, China, India, Japan, South Korea and the United States.



We are the **European Space Agency (ESA)**. Our mission is the peaceful exploration and use of space for the benefit of everyone. We watch over Earth, develop and launch inspiring space projects, train astronauts and push the boundaries of science and technology, seeking answers to the big questions about the Universe. We are a family of scientists, engineers and business professionals from all over Europe working together in a diverse and multinational environment. We are dedicated to united space in Europe and united Europe in space.

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The **International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA)** is the world's central intergovernmental forum for scientific and technical cooperation in the nuclear field. It works for the safe, secure and peaceful uses of nuclear science and technology, contributing to international peace and security and the United Nations' Sustainable Development Goals.

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The **International Telecommunication Union (ITU)** is the leading United Nations agency for information and communication technologies, with the mission to connect the world. To achieve this, ITU manages the radio-frequency spectrum and satellite orbits at the international level, works to improve communication infrastructure in the developing world, and establishes global standards that foster seamless interconnection of a vast range of communication systems.

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**United Nations**  
Convention to Combat  
Desertification

United for land

When land is degraded or plagued by drought, it loses its capacity to sustain life, which leads to a range of consequences from crop failure to migration and conflict. The **United Nations Convention to Combat Desertification (UNCCD)** was established in 1994 to protect and restore our land and ensure a safer, just, and more sustainable future. The UNCCD is the only legally binding framework set up to address desertification and the effects of drought. There are 197 Parties to the Convention, including 196 country Parties and the European Union. The Convention – based on the principles of participation, partnership and decentralization – is a multilateral commitment to mitigate the impact of land degradation, and protect our land so we can provide food, water, shelter and economic opportunity to all people. The Convention unites governments, scientists, policy-makers, the private sector and communities around a shared vision to restore and manage the world's land. This work is crucial to ensure the sustainability of the planet and the prosperity of future generations.

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The **United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP)** is the leading global authority on the environment, and works with governments, civil society, the private sector and UN entities to address the root causes of the triple planetary crisis of climate change, nature and biodiversity loss and pollution. It helps countries transition to low-carbon and resource-efficient economies, strengthening environmental governance and law, safeguarding ecosystems, and providing evidence-based data to inform policy decisions and support its 193 Member States to achieve the SDGs.



Since its inception in 1963, the **United Nations Institute for Training and Research (UNITAR)** has been providing innovative learning solutions to individuals and organizations. With a strategy fully aligned with the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, UNITAR supports Governments and other stakeholders to achieve the Sustainable Development Goals. In 2024, UNITAR provided learning, training and knowledge-sharing services to close to 560,000 learners through over 1,400 learning events.



The **United Nations International Computing Centre (UNICC)** is the largest strategic partner for common, trusted, and cybersecure digital foundations across the entire UN system. Through state-of-the-art ICT infrastructure, digital tools, cybersecurity, cloud, data and artificial intelligence solutions, UNICC promotes progress toward a more connected, secure, and sustainable UN.

With over 50 years of experience, UNICC supports the digital transformation and future of the UN family and other international organizations, delivering scalable and innovative solutions through a cost-effective and shared services model. This approach empowers our partners and clients to accelerate the adoption of required technologies to better serve global needs.

To find out more about UNICC: [www.unicc.org](http://www.unicc.org)



ICRC

Established in 1863, the **International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC)** operates worldwide, helping people affected by conflict and armed violence and promoting the laws that protect victims of war. An independent and neutral organization, its mandate stems essentially from the Geneva Conventions of 1949. We are based in Geneva, Switzerland, and employ over 21,000 people in more than 100 countries. The ICRC is funded mainly by voluntary donations from governments and from National Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies.



International, impartial and independent Mechanism  
 الآلية الدولية المحايدة والمستقلة  
 التابعة للجنة الدولية لحقوق الإنسان  
 Office of the International Law Commission of the United Nations  
 11 Avenue de la Liberté, 1200 Brussels, Belgium

The **International, Impartial and Independent Mechanism - Syria (IIIM)** was established in December 2016 by the General Assembly to assist in the investigation and prosecution of persons responsible for the most serious crimes under International Law committed in the Syrian Arab Republic since March 2011. The IIIM collects, preserves and analyses evidence needed to prepare analytical products to support competent jurisdictions to investigate and prosecute perpetrators of core international crimes committed in Syria since 2011.



International  
Labour  
Organization

The **International Labour Organization (ILO)** is devoted to promoting social justice and internationally recognized human and labour rights, pursuing its founding mission that social justice is essential to universal and lasting peace. It is the only tripartite UN agency, bringing together governments, employers and workers of 187 Member States to set labour standards, develop policies and devise programmes promoting decent work for all women and men. To accomplish our mandate, we seek staff of the highest standards of professional competence and integrity.



Established in 1951, the **International Organization for Migration (IOM)** is the leading intergovernmental organization in the field of migration and works closely with governmental, intergovernmental and non-governmental partners. IOM works to help ensure the orderly and humane management of migration to promote international cooperation on migration issues, to assist in the search for practical solutions to migration problems and to provide humanitarian assistance to migrants in need, including refugees and internally displaced people.



UNITED NATIONS  
HUMAN RIGHTS  
OFFICE OF THE HIGH COMMISSIONER

The **Office of the High Commissioner for Human Rights (OHCHR)** is the leading UN entity on human rights. The General Assembly entrusted both the High Commissioner and his Office with a unique mandate to promote and protect all human rights for all people. The United Nations human rights programme aims to ensure that the protection and enjoyment of human rights is a reality in the lives of all people. UN Human Rights also plays a crucial role in safeguarding the integrity of the three interconnected pillars of the United Nations – peace and security, human rights and development.



The **World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO)** is the global forum for intellectual property (IP) services, policy, information and cooperation. We are a self-funding agency of the United Nations, with 193 member states. Our mission is to lead the development of a balanced and effective international IP system that enables innovation and creativity for the benefit of all. Our mandate, governing bodies and procedures are set out in the WIPO Convention, which established WIPO in 1967.



The **International Union for the Protection of New Varieties of Plants (UPOV)** is an intergovernmental organization with headquarters in Geneva (Switzerland).

UPOV was established by the International Convention for the Protection of New Varieties of Plants. The Convention was adopted in Paris in 1961 and it was revised in 1972, 1978 and 1991.

UPOV's mission is to provide and promote an effective system of plant variety protection, with the aim of encouraging the development of new varieties of plants, for the benefit of society.

COUNCIL OF EUROPE



CONSEIL DE L'EUROPE

The **Council of Europe (CoE)** is the continent's leading organisation in the protection and promotion of human rights, democracy and the rule of law across Europe and beyond. Since its foundation in 1949, the organisation has created a common legal space, centred on the European Convention on Human Rights, across its 46 member states. Counting over 2,200 staff, the CoE has its headquarters in Strasbourg, France and has offices in more than 20 countries. Our three core values - professionalism, integrity and respect - guide the way we work.



Cour  
Pénale  
Internationale

International  
Criminal  
Court

The **International Criminal Court (ICC)**, governed by the Rome Statute, is the first permanent, treaty-based, international criminal court established to help end impunity for the perpetrators of the most serious crimes of concern to the international community (genocide, crimes against humanity, war crimes and the crime of aggression). Its seat is at The Hague in the Netherlands. The ICC offers a challenging working environment in the pursuit of international justice. We seek staff who are dedicated to our mission to put an end to impunity for the perpetrators of unimaginable crimes that threaten the peace, security and well-being of the world.



**JOINT INSPECTION UNIT**  
of the United Nations System

The **Joint Inspection Unit (JIU)** is the only independent external oversight body of the United Nations system mandated to conduct evaluations, inspections, and investigations across the System. Its mandate is to review cross-cutting issues and to act as an agent for change. The JIU works to secure management and administrative efficiency and to promote greater coordination between the United Nations agencies; and with other internal and external oversight bodies. As a subsidiary body of the legislative bodies of United Nations organizations, the JIU has a role in assisting them in their governance responsibilities. The JIU's reports and notes, the Unit identifies best practices, proposes benchmarks and facilitates information-sharing throughout the organizations of the UN system that have adopted its Statute.



The **United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF)** works in over 190 countries and territories to save children's lives, to defend their rights, and to help them fulfil their potential, from early childhood through adolescence. And we never give up.

At UNICEF, we are committed, passionate and proud of what we do. Promoting the rights of every child isn't just a job – it's a calling.



The **United Nations Entity for Gender Equality and the Empowerment of Women (UN Women)** is the UN organization dedicated to gender equality and the empowerment of women. A global champion for women and girls, UN Women aims to accelerate progress on meeting their needs worldwide. Grounded in the vision of equality enshrined in the UN Charter, UN Women, among other issues, works for the elimination of discrimination against women and girls, the empowerment of women, and the achievement of equality between women and men as partners and beneficiaries of development, human rights, humanitarian action and peace and security.



The **United Nations Institute for Disarmament Research (UNIDIR)** is an autonomous institution within the United Nations that conducts independent research on pressing global challenges related to disarmament, arms control and international security. We develop innovative ideas to tackle the most pressing security issues of our world. Our research expertise frames complex challenges in accessible ways and promotes an inclusive dialogue to find creative and effective solutions. Our work aims to provide the foundations for meaningful collective action towards a more secure world.



The **United Nations Development Programme (UNDP)** is the UN's global development network, advocating for change and connecting countries to knowledge, experience and resources to help people build a better life. We are on the ground in some 170 countries and territories, supporting their own solutions to development challenges and developing national and local capacities that will help them achieve human development and the Sustainable Development Goals.

To find out more about UNDP: [www.undp.org](http://www.undp.org)

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UNITED NATIONS  
INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT ORGANIZATION

The **United Nations Industrial Development Organization (UNIDO)** is a specialized agency of the United Nations with a unique mandate to promote, dynamize and accelerate industrial development. UNIDO provides support to its 173 Member States through four mandated functions: technical cooperation; action-oriented research and policy-advisory services; normative standards-related activities; and fostering partnerships for knowledge and technology transfer. UNIDO is headquartered in Vienna and has 48 regional hubs and regional and country offices covering 158 countries.

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UNOG  
THE UNITED NATIONS  
OFFICE AT GENEVA

The **United Nations Office at Geneva (UNOG)** is part of the United Nations Secretariat. Housed at the Palais des Nations, UNOG serves as the representative office of the Secretary-General at Geneva. A focal point for multilateral diplomacy, UNOG services more than 8,000 meetings every year, making it one of the busiest conference centres in the world. With more than 1,600 staff, UNOG is the biggest department of the United Nations Secretariat outside of headquarters in New York.

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The **United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA)** is the UN sexual and reproductive health agency, ensuring the rights and choices of women and girls and young people across more than 140 countries. Through our work, we do whatever it takes to make sure that every pregnancy is wanted, every childbirth is safe and every young person can fulfill their potential.

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The **United Nations Volunteers (UNV)** contributes to peace and development through volunteerism worldwide. UNV is the focal point for volunteerism within the UN and promotes the value and global recognition of volunteerism. As a UN system-wide service provider, UNV recruits and deploys more than 14,000 UN Volunteers annually with over 50 UN entities, such as UN Women, UNICEF, UNEP, UNFPA, RCO, UNDP, OHCHR, UNHCR, IOM, UNODC, etc.

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The **United Nations Office for Disaster Risk Reduction (UNDRR)** works with countries and partners to reduce disaster risk and losses and to strengthen resilience of societies as a key to sustainable development. UNDRR is the focal point in the UN system coordinating system-wide efforts for DRR. UNDRR supports countries in the implementation of the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction (2015-2030) ensuring coherence with the SDGs and Paris Agreement, and monitors and reports on progress made.

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The **Global Community Engagement and Resilience Fund (GCERF)** is the only global fund dedicated to preventing violent extremism. We provide grants to civil society organisations for implementing initiatives aimed at strengthening the resilience of communities against violent extremism.

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The **African Development Bank (AfDB)** is the premier pan-African development institution, promoting economic growth and social progress across the continent. There are 81 member states, including 54 in Africa (Regional Member Countries). The Bank's development agenda is delivering the financial and technical support for transformative projects that will significantly reduce poverty through inclusive and sustainable economic growth.

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The **Asian Development Bank (ADB)** envisions a prosperous, inclusive, resilient, and sustainable Asia and the Pacific, while sustaining its efforts to eradicate extreme poverty in the region. Despite the region's many successes, it remains home to a large share of the world's poor: 263 million living on less than \$1.90 a day and 1.1 billion on less than \$3.20 a day.

ADB assists its members, and partners, by providing loans, technical assistance, grants, and equity investments to promote social and economic development.



The **European Free Trade Association (EFTA)** is the intergovernmental organization of Iceland, Liechtenstein, Norway and Switzerland, set up for the promotion of free trade and economic integration between its members, within Europe and globally.

With offices in Brussels, Geneva and Luxemburg, EFTA offers opportunities for highly qualified staff. Young professionals and recent graduates from the EFTA Member States have a unique opportunity to participate in the work of the organization



The **Inter-American Development Bank (IADB)** provides financial and technical support to national and sub-national governments and other entities in our region. We conduct cutting-edge research and develop innovative solutions to address development challenges both locally and globally.

We work with our non-borrowing member countries and development organizations to channel resources and expertise to Latin America and the Caribbean, promoting development and maximizing the impact of key initiatives.



The **International Finance Corporation (IFC)** — a member of the World Bank Group — is the largest global development institution focused on the private sector in emerging markets. IFC improves the lives of people in developing countries by investing in private sector growth. We connect economic development with humanitarian needs to create real progress for the people and places that need it most.



The **International Trade Centre (ITC)** is the only development agency that is fully dedicated to supporting the internationalization of small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs). ITC enables SMEs in developing and transition economies to become more competitive and connect to international markets for trade and investment, thus raising incomes and creating job opportunities, especially for women, young people, and poor communities. Established in 1964, the ITC is a joint agency of the World Trade Organization and the United Nations.

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The **Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD)** is an international organisation that works to build better policies for better lives. Together with governments, policy makers and citizens, we work on establishing evidence-based international standards, and finding solutions to a range of social, economic and environmental challenges. We provide a unique forum and knowledge hub for data and analysis, exchange of experiences, best-practice sharing, and advice on public policies and international standard-setting.



Established in 1960, the mission of the **Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC)** is to coordinate and unify the petroleum policies of its Member Countries and ensure the stabilization of oil markets to secure an efficient, economic and regular supply of petroleum to consumers, a steady income to producers and a fair return on capital for those investing in the petroleum industry. The OPEC Secretariat, the executive organ of the Organization, is located in Vienna, Austria and functions as its headquarters.



**UN Trade and Development (UNCTAD)** was established by the UN General Assembly in 1964. It has a membership of 195 countries, one of the largest in the UN system and its headquarters is in Geneva. It provides policy analysis, consensus-building and technical assistance to developing countries to enhance their participation in the global economy. UNCTAD also helps countries to use trade, investment, finance, and technology for inclusive and sustainable development. It also supports countries to address pressing challenges such as soaring debt, inequality, and climate change.



**UNECE**

The **United Nations Economic Commission for Europe (UNECE)** was set up in 1947 by ECOSOC. It is one of five regional commissions of the United Nations. UNECE's major aim is to promote pan-European economic integration. UNECE includes 56 member States in Europe, North America and Asia. However, all interested United Nations member States may participate in the work of UNECE. Over 70 international professional organizations and other non-governmental organizations take part in UNECE activities.



**WORLD TRADE  
ORGANIZATION**

The **World Trade Organization (WTO)**, which was established in 1995, and its predecessor organization the GATT have helped to create a strong and prosperous international trading system, thereby contributing to unprecedented global economic growth. The WTO has 166 members, of which more than one-fifth are represented by least-developed countries. WTO activities are supported by some 700 staff, led by the WTO Director-General. The Secretariat is located in Geneva, Switzerland, and the official languages are English, French and Spanish.



1. Swiss Federal Administration: Federal Department of Foreign Affairs (FDFA)
2. Swiss State Secretariat for Economic Affairs (SECO)
3. Swiss Armed Forces International Command (SWISSINT)
4. Swiss Centre of Competence for International Cooperation (cinfo)
5. International Association for the Exchange of Students for Technical Experience (IAESTE Switzerland)



6. CGIAR System Organization (CGIAR)
7. Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO)
8. Intergovernmental Organisation for International Carriage by Rail (OTIF)
9. Organisation internationale de la Francophonie (OIF)
10. Universal Postal Union (UPU)
11. World Tourism Organization (UN Tourism)



12. European Organization for Nuclear Research (CERN)
13. European Organisation for the Exploitation of Meteorological Satellites (EUMETSAT)
14. European Space Agency (ESA)
15. International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA)
16. International Telecommunication Union (ITU)
17. United Nations Convention to Combat Desertification (UNCCD)
18. United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP)
19. United Nations Institute for Training and Research (UNITAR)
20. United Nations International Computing Centre (UNICC)



21. International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC)
22. International, Impartial and Independent Mechanism – Syria (IIIM)
23. International Labour Organization (ILO)
24. International Organization for Migration (IOM)
25. Office of the UN High Commissioner for Human Rights (OHCHR)
26. World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO)
- International Union for the Protection of New Varieties of Plants (UPOV)

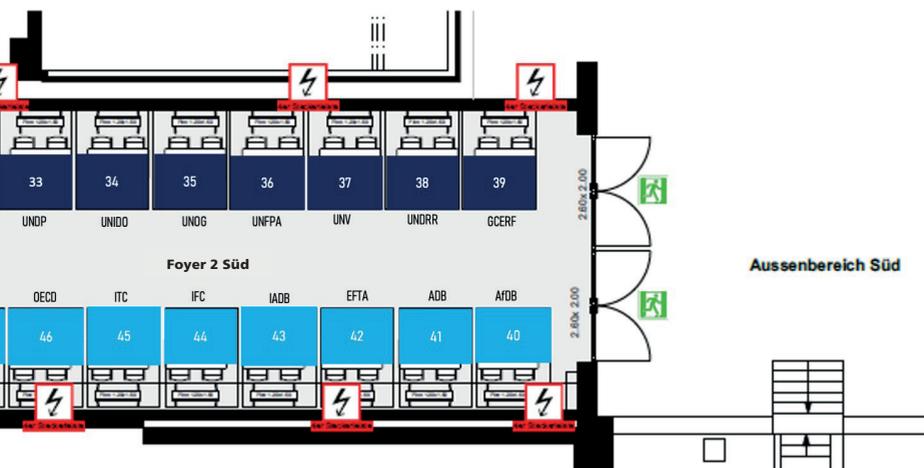
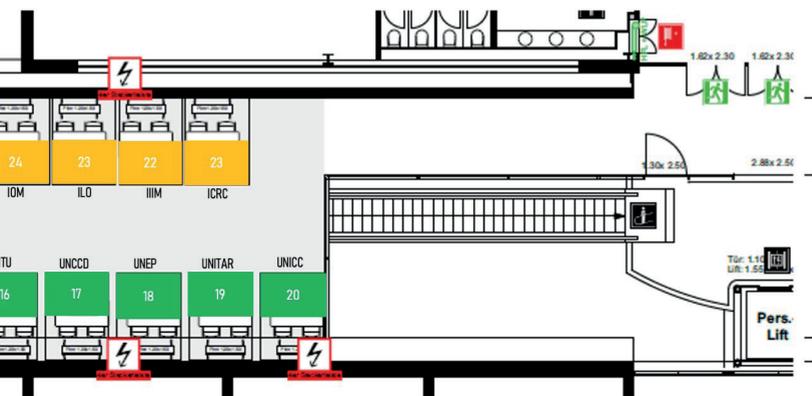


27. Council of Europe (CoE)
28. International Criminal Court (ICC)
29. Joint Inspection Unit (JIU)

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- 30. United Nations Children’s Fund (UNICEF)
- 31. United Nations Entity for Gender Equality and the Empowerment of Women (UN Women)
- 32. United Nations Institute for Disarmament Research (UNIDIR)
- 33. United Nations Development Programme (UNDP)
- 34. United Nations Industrial Development Organization (UNIDO)
- 35. United Nations Office at Geneva (UNOG)
- 36. United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA)
- 37. United Nations Volunteers (UNV)
- 38. United Nations Office for Disaster Risk Reduction (UNDRR)
- 39. Global Community Engagement and Resilience Fund (GCERF)

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- 40. African Development Bank (AfDB)
- 41. Asian Development Bank (ADB)
- 42. European Free Trade Association (EFTA)
- 43. Inter-American Development Bank (IADB)
- 44. International Finance Corporation (IFC)
- 45. International Trade Centre (ITC)
- 46. Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD)
- 47. Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC)
- 48. UN Trade and Development (UNCTAD)
- 49. United Nations Economic Commission for Europe (UNECE)
- 50. World Trade Organization (WTO)





# Timetable

Please be advised that this schedule is subject to change. We recommend referring to the timetables displayed in the halls on the day of the event for the latest updates.

Time	Kongressraum I	Kongressraum II
10:00 – 11:00	<b>Workshop: A Pathway to an International Career</b>	<b>Workshop: Applying Successfully</b>
11:00 – 11:30	Federal Department of Foreign Affairs (FDFA)	United Nations Volunteers (UNV)
11:30 – 12:00	United Nations Office at Geneva (UNOG)	United Nations Development Programme (UNDP)
12:30 – 13:30	<b>Workshop: A Pathway to an International Career</b>	<b>Workshop: Applying Successfully</b>
13:30 – 14:00	United Nations Entity for Gender Equality and the Empowerment of Women (UN Women)	International Labour Organization (ILO)
14:00 – 14:30	European Space Agency (ESA)	International Organization for Migration (IOM)
14:30 – 15:00	United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA)	Swiss Centre of Competence for International Cooperation (cinfo)
15:00 – 15:30	United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP)	Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD)
15:30 – 16:00	International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC)	International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA)

<b>Kongressraum IV</b>	<b>Kongressraum VII</b>	<b>Time</b>
		10:00 – 11:00
African Development Bank (AfDB)	United Nations Industrial Development Organization (UNIDO)	11:00 – 11:30
International Criminal Court (ICC)	Organisation internationale de la Francophonie (OIF)	11:30 – 12:00
		12:30 – 13:30
Council of Europe (CoE)	European Organisation for the Exploitation of Meteorological Satellites (EUMETSAT)	13:30 – 14:00
Asian Development Bank (ADB)	World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO)  International Union for the Protection of New Varieties of Plants (UPOV)	14:00 – 14:30
International Finance Corporation (IFC)	Global Community Engagement and Resilience Fund (GCERF)	14:30 – 15:00
Intergovernmental Organisation for International Carriage by Rail (OTIF)	Food and Agricultural Organisation of the United Nations (FAO)	15:00 – 15:30
United Nations Convention to Combat Desertification (UNCCD)	Inter-American Development Bank (IADB)	15:30 – 16:00

# ICD

INTERNATIONAL  
CAREER DAY 2025

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**11 APRIL 2025**

BERN